MeerKLASS Map-making Software

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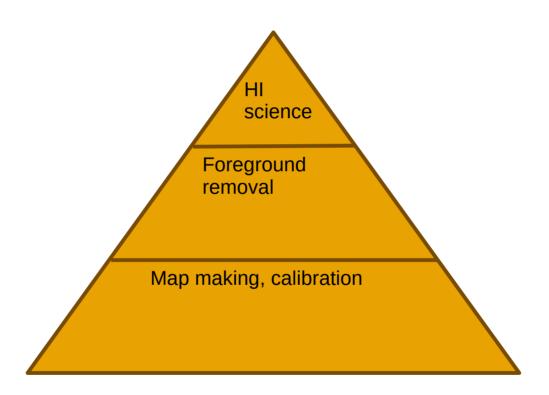
Ivory & MuSEEK map-making packages

github.com/meerklass/museek

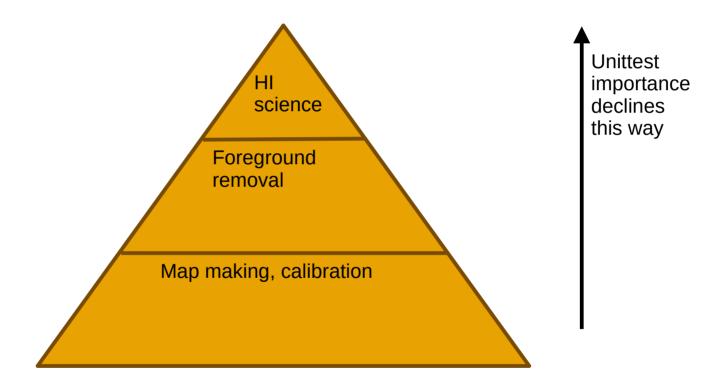
- Inspired by HIDE&SEEK: modular plugin-based architecture
 - Ivory: workflow manager MuSEEK: map making
- Developed using MeerKAT (for SKA)
- Plugins are isolated and do not share responsibilities



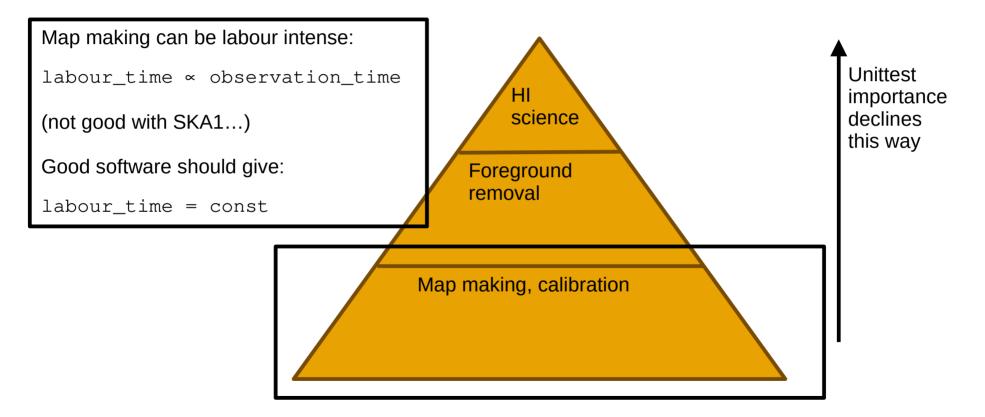
Food Data Pyramid

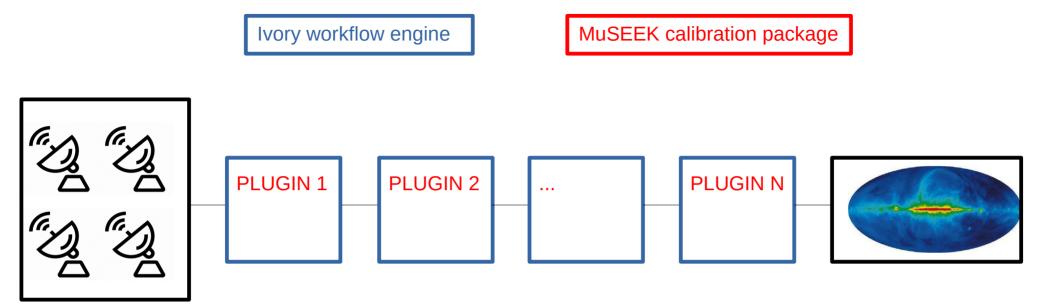


Food Data Pyramid



Food Data Pyramid



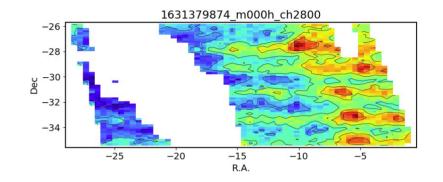


- One plugin needs no knowledge about the implementation of the rest of the pipeline.
- Different instruments have different calibration requirements, but generalisation, e.g. from MeerKAT to SKA1 must be made as easy as possible
- Useful approach when calibration strategies quickly need to be changed.

```
class DemoFlipPlugin(AbstractPlugin):
""" For demonstration. Flips right and left in an image. """
def __init__(self,
             do flip right left: bool,
             do flip top bottom: bool):
    super().__init__()
    self.do_flip_right_left = do_flip_right_left
    self.do flip top bottom = do flip top bottom
def set requirements(self):
    self.requirements = [Requirement(location=DemoEnum.ASTRONAUT RIDING HORSE IN SPACE,
                                     variable='astronaut image')]
def run(self, astronaut_image: Image):
    if self.do flip right left:
        print('Flipping right left...')
        astronaut_image = self._flip_right_left(image=astronaut_image)
    if self.do_flip_top_bottom:
        print('Flipping top bottom...')
        astronaut_image = self._flip_top_bottom(image=astronaut_image)
    self.set result(result=Result(location=DemoEnum.ASTRONAUT RIDING HORSE IN SPACE FLIPPED,
                                  result=astronaut_image))
Østaticmethod
def _flip_right_left(image: Image) -> Image:
    return image.transpose(method=Transpose.FLIP_LEFT_RIGHT)
Østaticmethod
def _flip_top_bottom(image: Image) -> Image:
    return image.transpose(method=Transpose.FLIP_TOP_BOTTOM)
```

Example use-case

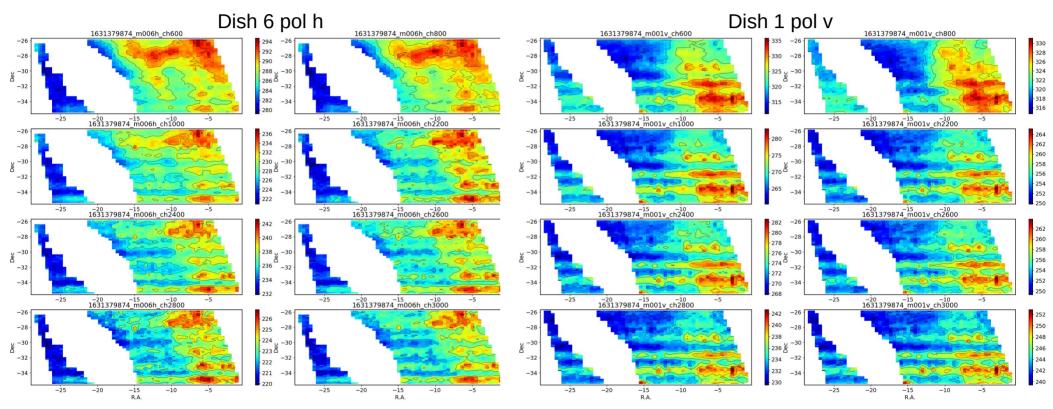
- Imagine: A new observation is affected by unknown systematics
- A correction requires in-depth understanding of the specific problem
- Understanding pipeline implementation specifics should not be needed



We dubbed this the <zebra> and explain as follows:

• A mobile communication tower <u>behind</u> the dishes injects a lot of power into a few channels, enough to affect the gain throughout all channels, hence arises an azimuth dependence of the gain

Example use-case

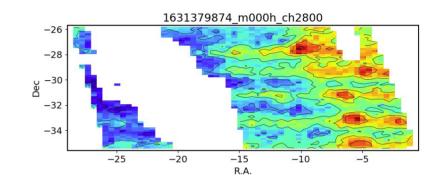


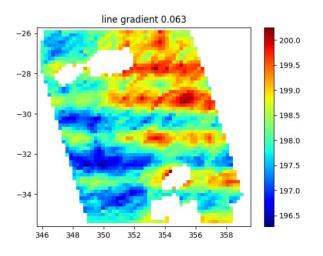
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Example use-case

- Imagine: A new observation is affected by unknown systematics
- A correction requires in-depth understanding of the specific problem
- Once understood, the fix is implemented as a new plugin.
- This implementation requires no knowledge of the implementation of the calibration pipeline.





Summary

- Having many dependants, mapmaking needs to be well tested and robust
- The learning curve must be flat to enhance collaboration
- At the same time the architecture needs to be quick to react to changing requirements
- The purpose-built *ivory* workflow manager facilitates that



«To measure the sky, with precision and care The gain must be known, beyond all compare From faint signals, to the brightest of stars Accurate measurements, from afar

But gain can vary, with time and place So calibration, is a crucial race To ensure accuracy, in all we do Gain calibration, a task that is true»