

# Modeling HI at the field level

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with Marko Simonović (CERN) et al.

arXiv: [2207.12398](#)

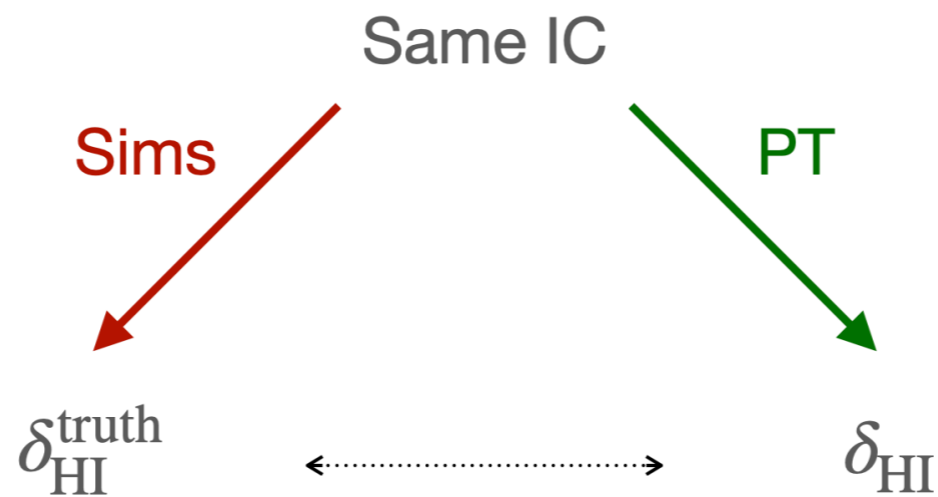
# Motivation

- Test PT+bias models for HI at the field level (Schmittfull+18)
- 21cm IM surveys will be mainly sensitive to perturbative scales
- Explore HI noise properties
- Generate fast & accurate HI field level mocks

# Field level approach

## Advantages

- Pixel-by-pixel agreement → agreement of all summary statistics
- No overfitting
- Easy to isolate and study noise
- No cosmic variance for same IC, no need for large hydro sims.



# PT model

Hybrid Lagrangian and Eulerian scheme, bulk flows included, only linear fields

$$\delta_{\text{HI}}(\mathbf{k}) = \int d^3\mathbf{q} (1 + b_1^L \delta_1 + b_2^L (\delta_1^2 - \sigma_1^2) + b_{\mathcal{G}_2}^L \mathcal{G}_2 + \dots - i\mathbf{k} \cdot \boldsymbol{\psi}_2 + \dots) e^{-i\mathbf{k}(\mathbf{q} + \boldsymbol{\psi}_1)}$$

Define *shifted bias operators* in Eulerian space:

$$\tilde{\mathcal{O}}(\mathbf{k}) = \int d^3\mathbf{q} \mathcal{O}(\mathbf{q}) e^{-i\mathbf{k}(\mathbf{q} + \boldsymbol{\psi}_1(\mathbf{q}))}, \text{ where } \mathcal{O} \in \{1, \delta_1, \delta_2, \mathcal{G}_2, \delta_3, \dots\}$$

Stochastic noise

$$\delta_{\text{HI}}(\mathbf{k}) = \beta_1(k) \tilde{\delta}_1(\mathbf{k}) + \beta_2(k) \tilde{\delta}_2^\perp(\mathbf{k}) + \beta_{\mathcal{G}_2}(k) \tilde{\mathcal{G}}_2^\perp(\mathbf{k}) + \dots + \epsilon$$

Transfer functions

Matches 1-loop EFT & CLPT power spectrum

# Measure of success

## How to compare model & truth at the field level?

- Minimise mean-squared difference/residuals:

$$P_{\text{err}}(k) \equiv \langle |\delta_{\text{HI}}^{\text{truth}}(\mathbf{k}) - \delta_{\text{HI}}^{\text{model}}(\mathbf{k})|^2 \rangle$$

by doing least squares in each k-bin to obtain best-fit transfer functions:

$$\beta_i = \langle \mathcal{O}_i^\perp \delta_{\text{HI}}^{\text{truth}*} \rangle / \langle |\mathcal{O}_i^\perp|^2 \rangle$$

- Example:

$$\delta_{\text{HI}} = b_1 \delta + \epsilon$$

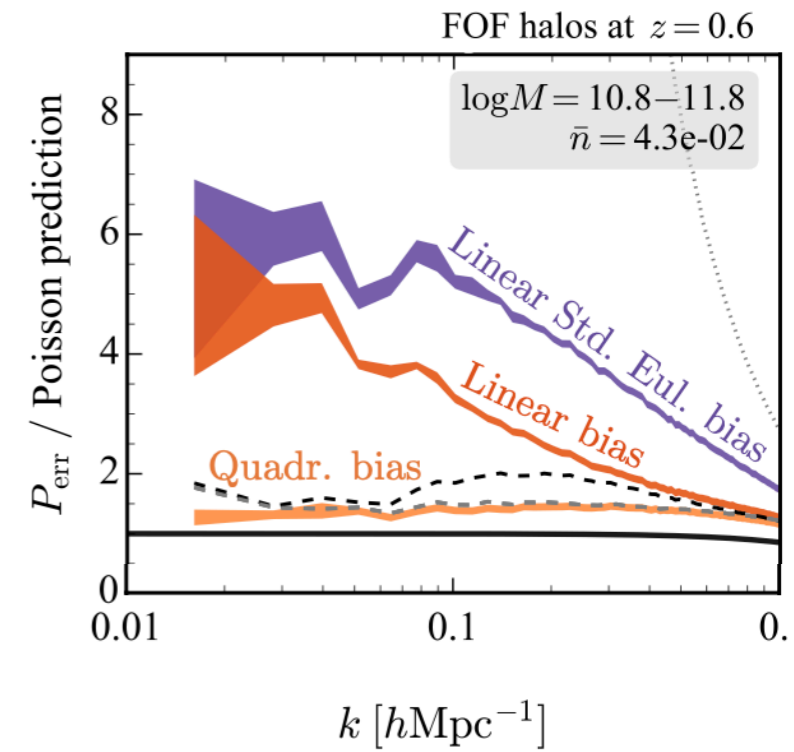
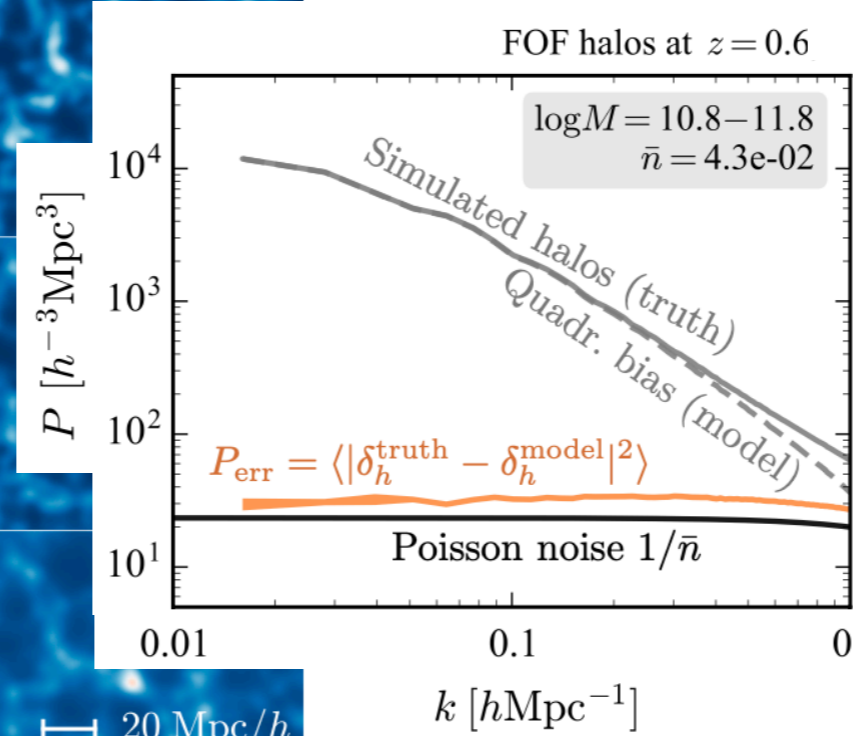
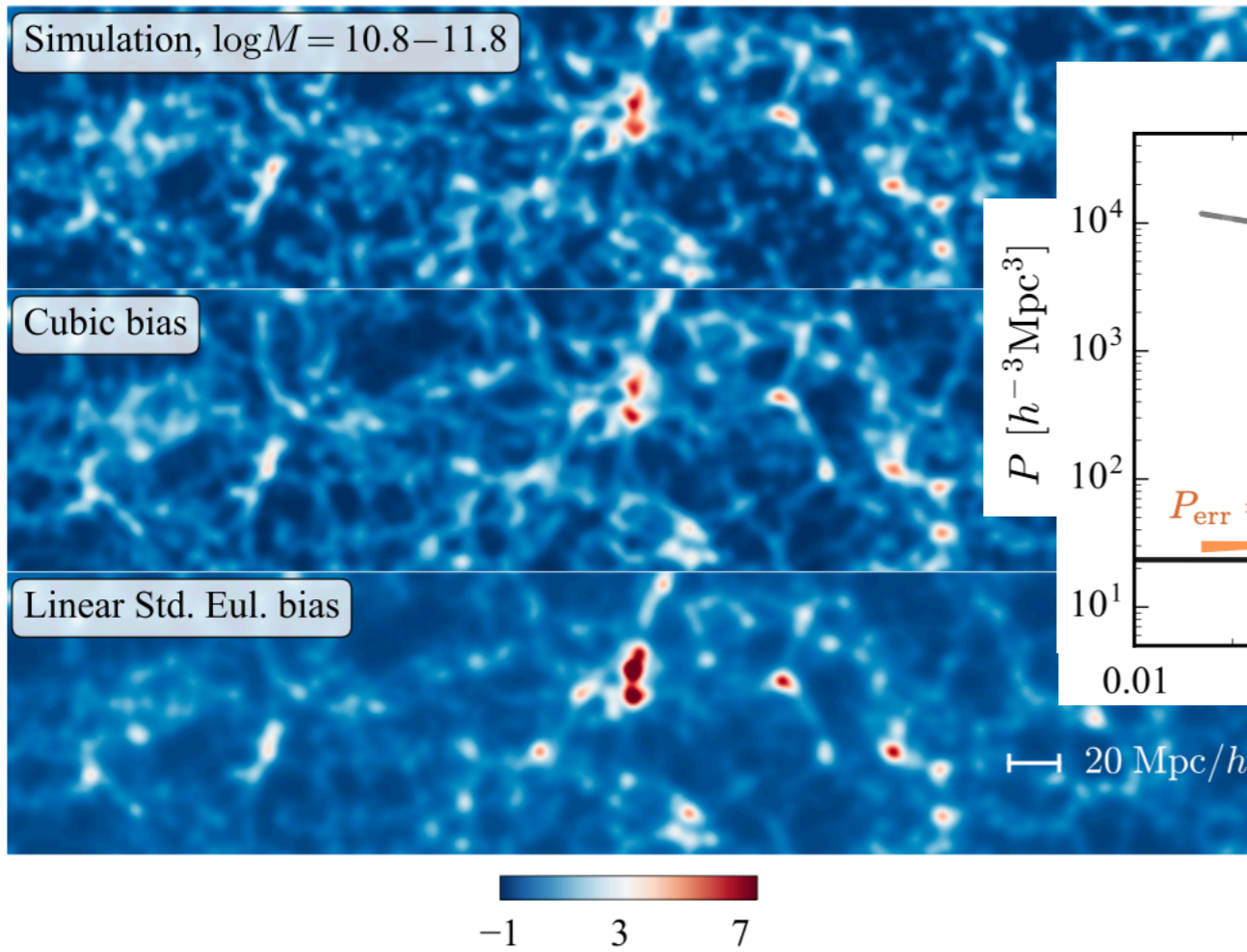
$$b_1(k) = \langle \delta_{\text{HI}}^{\text{truth}} \delta^* \rangle / \langle |\delta|^2 \rangle$$

$$P_{\text{err}}(k) = \langle |\epsilon|^2 \rangle$$

# Halos

Schmittfull+18 (arXiv:1811.10640)

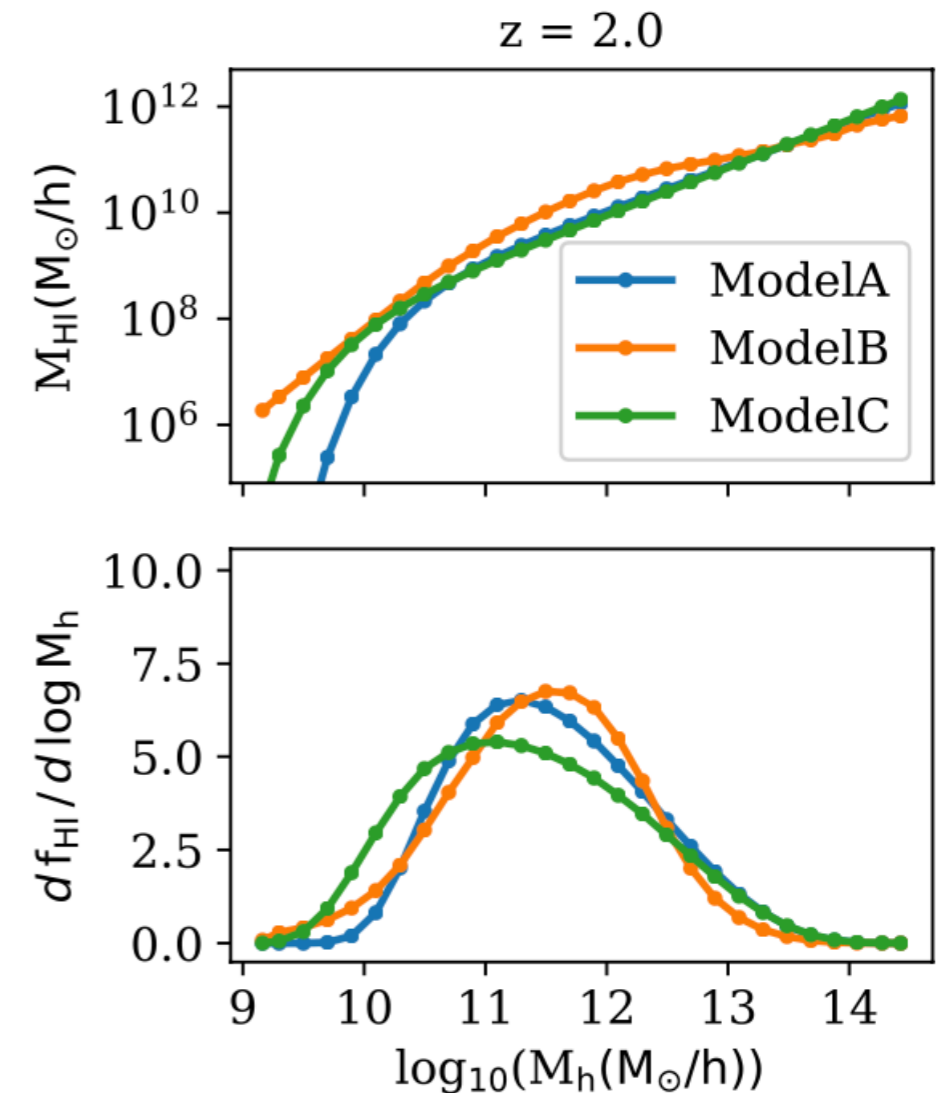
$L = 500 h^{-1} \text{Mpc}$



$$\delta_h(\mathbf{k}) = \beta_1(k) \tilde{\delta}_1(\mathbf{k}) + \beta_2(k) \tilde{\delta}_2^\perp(\mathbf{k}) + \beta_{\mathcal{G}_2}(k) \tilde{\mathcal{G}}_2^\perp(\mathbf{k}) + \dots$$

# Why is HI different/interesting?

- HI signal from moderate halo masses
- Low shot-noise
- Moderate redshift space effects
- Field level ideal for 21cm maps (no need to discretise)

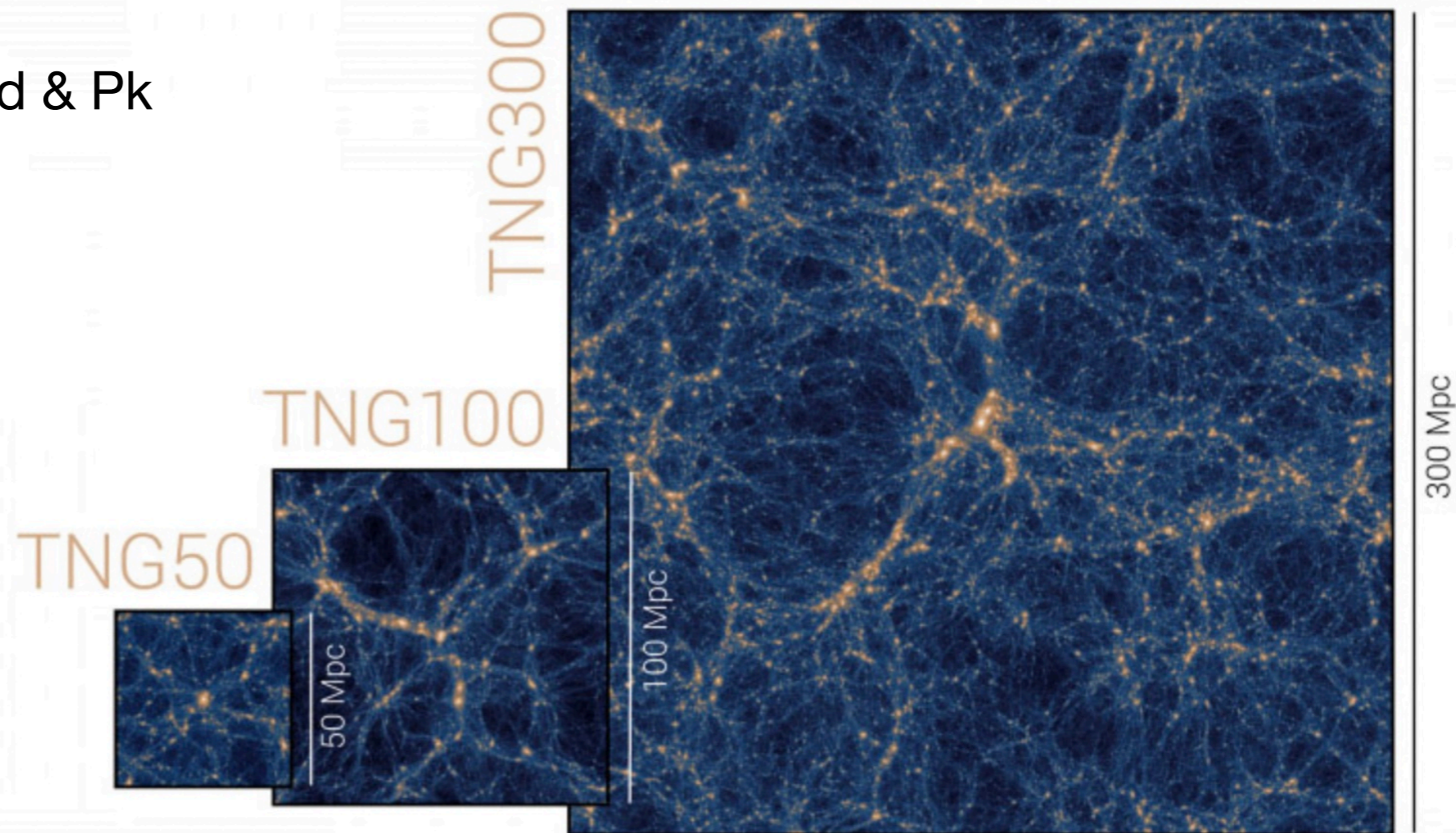


Modi+19



# HI from IllustrisTNG

- Application to full hydro simulation
- TNG300-1 ( $L = 205 h^{-1}\text{Mpc}$ )
- HI in post-processing (Villaescusa+18)
- Same IC: random seed &  $P_k$

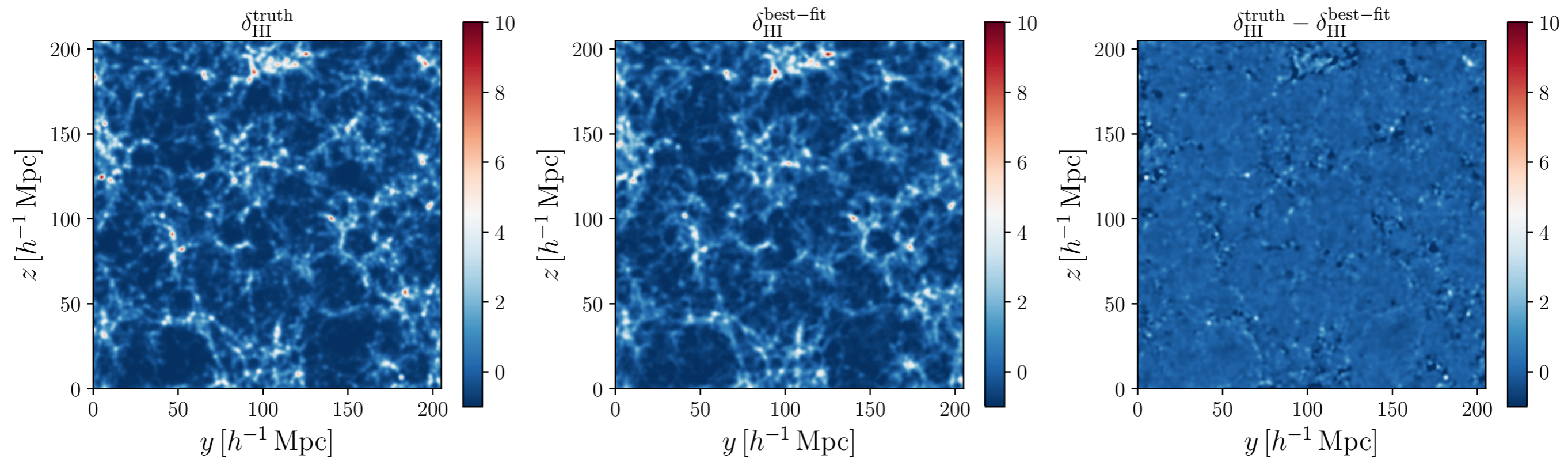




# Results

$z = 1$ , real space

$$\delta_{\text{HI}}(\mathbf{k}) = \beta_1(k)\tilde{\delta}_1(\mathbf{k}) + \beta_2(k)\tilde{\delta}_2^\perp(\mathbf{k}) + \beta_{\mathcal{G}_2}(k)\tilde{\mathcal{G}}_2^\perp(\mathbf{k}) + \beta_3(k)\tilde{\delta}_3^\perp(\mathbf{k}) + \dots + \epsilon$$

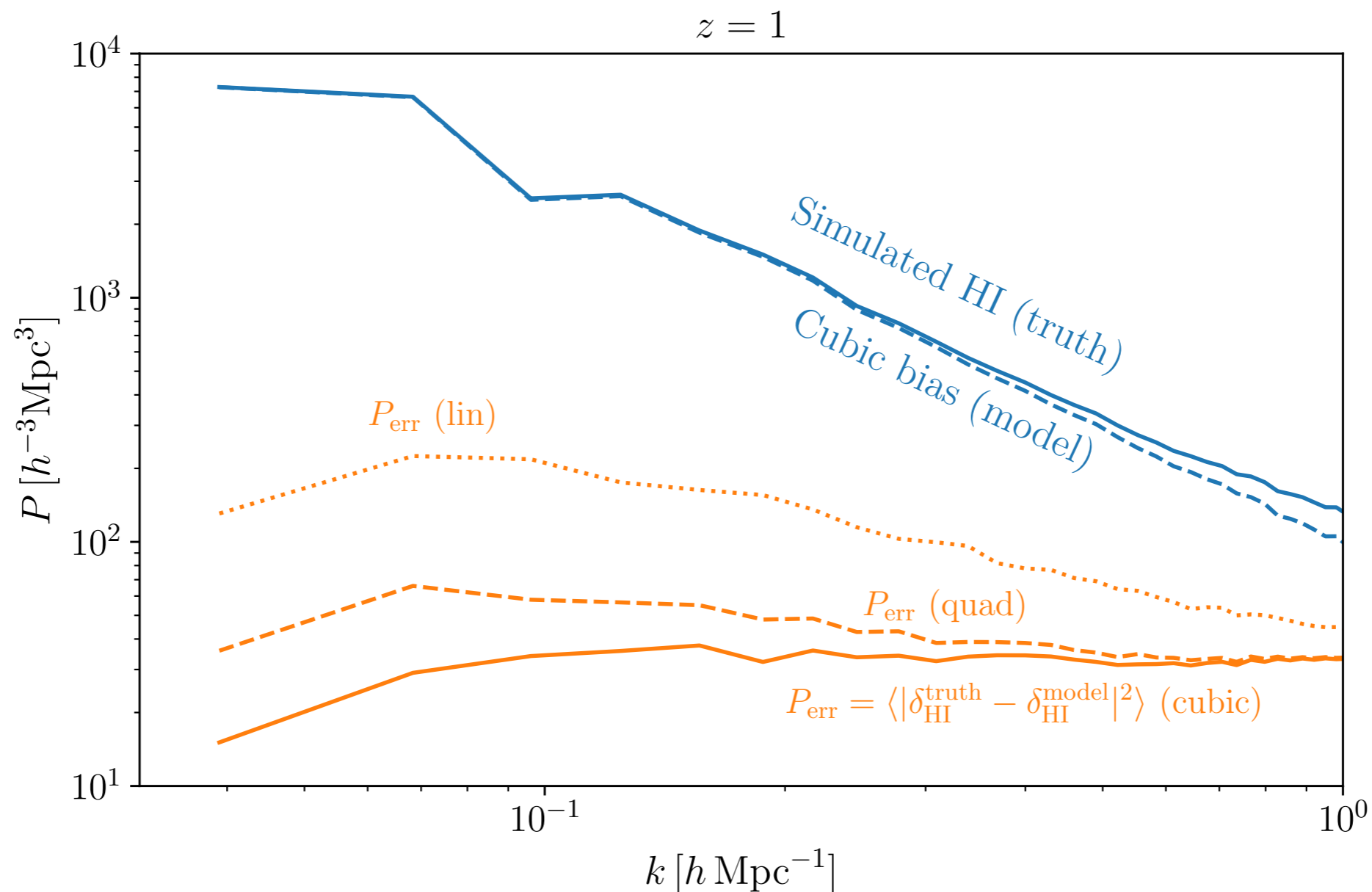


Slice depth 20 Mpc/h, smoothed 1 Mpc/h Gaussian

# Results – power spectrum

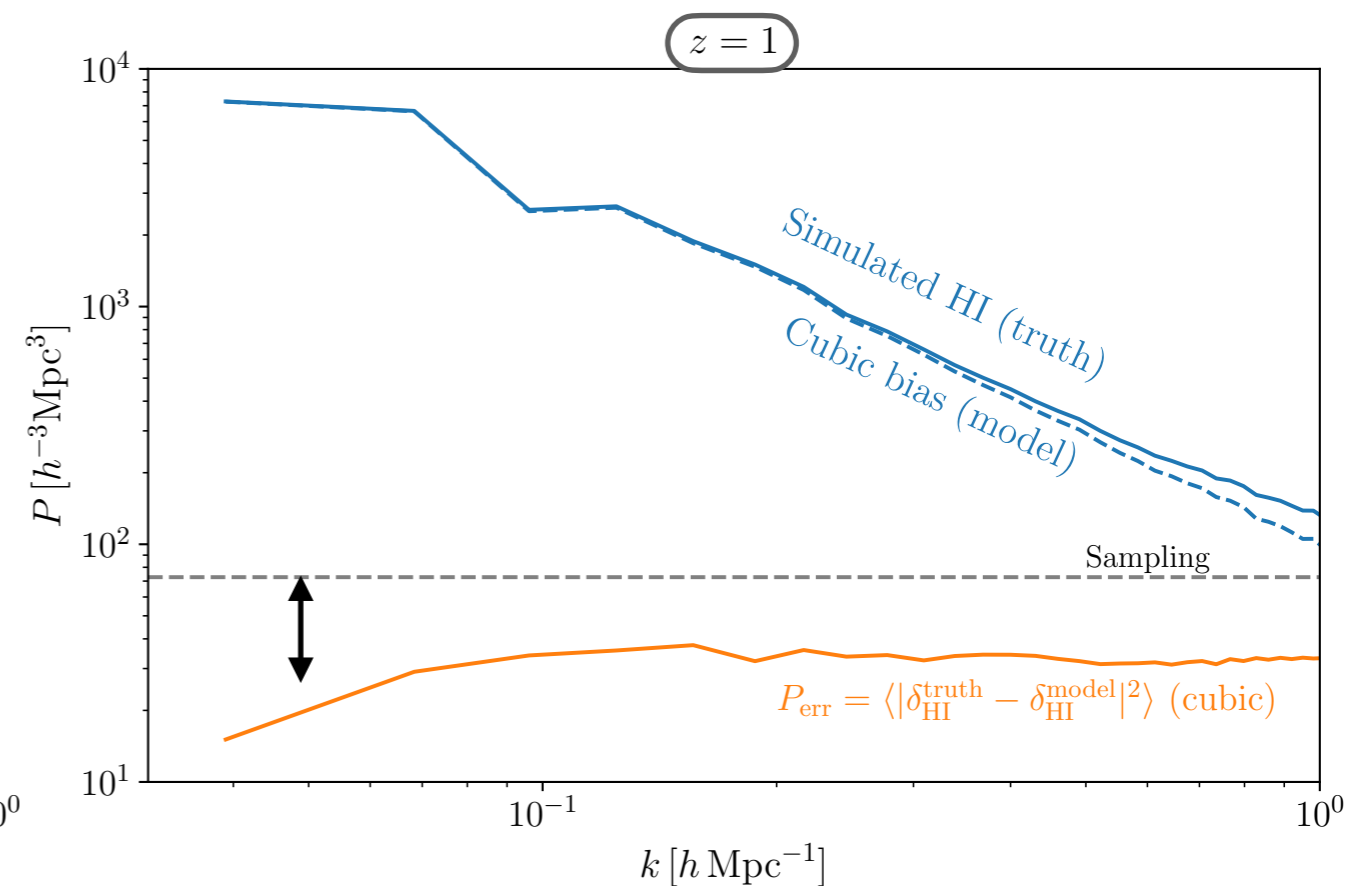
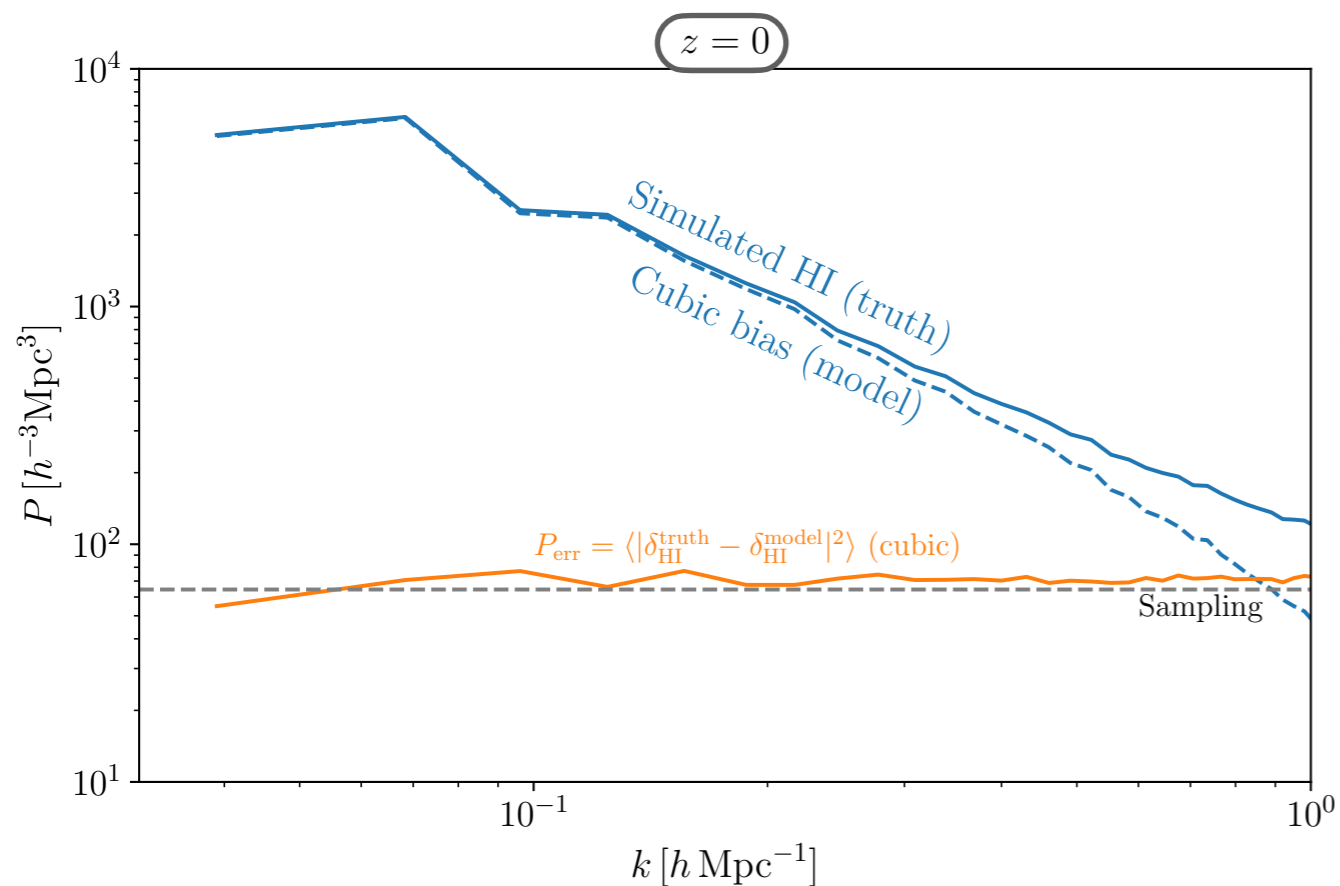
$z = 1$ , real space

$$\delta_{\text{HI}}(\mathbf{k}) = \beta_1(k)\tilde{\delta}_1(\mathbf{k}) + \beta_2(k)\tilde{\delta}_2^\perp(\mathbf{k}) + \beta_{\mathcal{G}_2}(k)\tilde{\mathcal{G}}_2^\perp(\mathbf{k}) + \beta_3(k)\tilde{\delta}_3^\perp(\mathbf{k}) + \dots + \epsilon$$



# HI noise properties

- $P_{\text{err}}$  flat
- $P_{\text{err}}$  comparable (but not equal!) to sampling noise ( $\sim 1/n_{\text{bar}}$ )

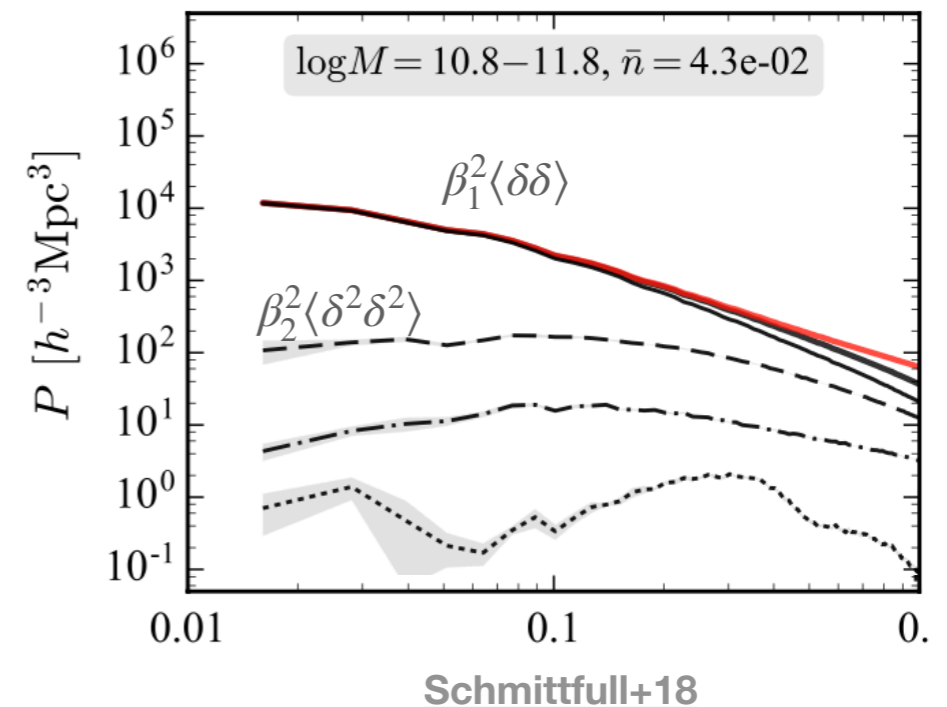
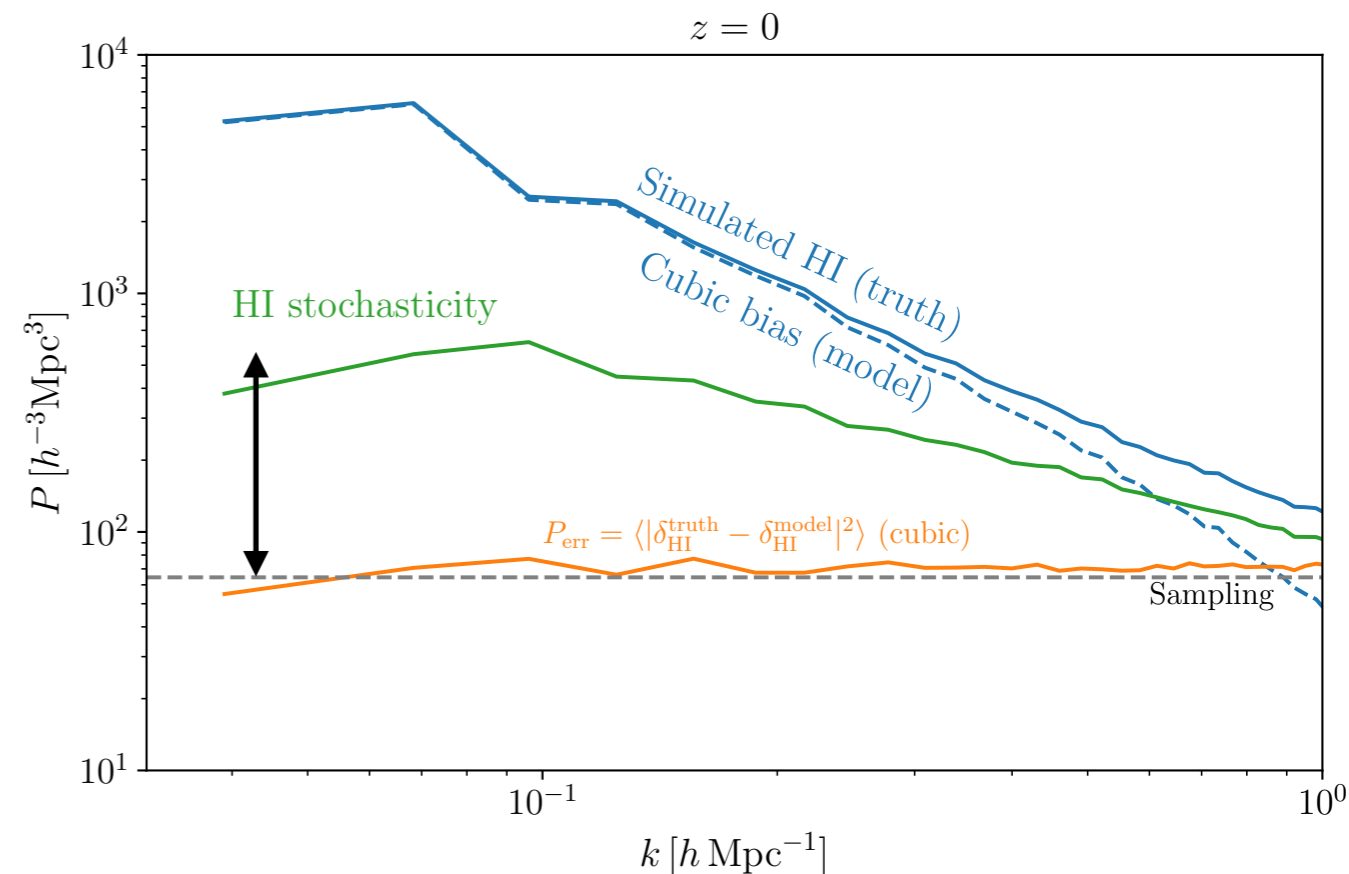


# HI noise properties

- HI stochasticity:  $\langle |\delta_{\text{HI}}^{\text{truth}} - b_1 \delta_{\text{m}}|^2 \rangle$
- $P_{\text{err}}$  lower than stochasticity

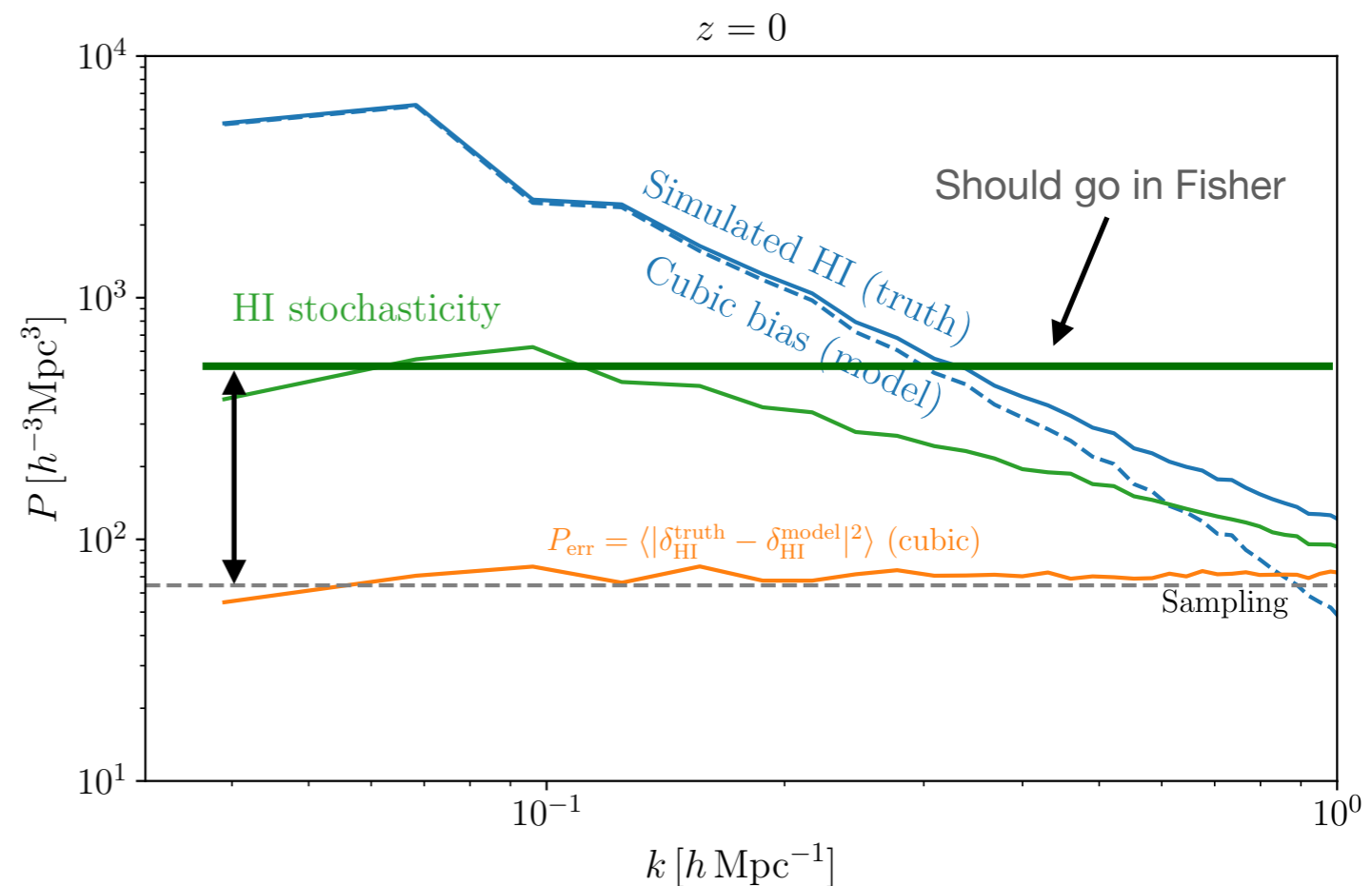
$$\delta_{\text{HI}}(\mathbf{k}) - \beta_1 \tilde{\delta}_1(\mathbf{k}) = \beta_2 \tilde{\delta}_2^\perp(\mathbf{k}) + \beta_{\mathcal{G}_2} \tilde{\mathcal{G}}_2^\perp(\mathbf{k}) + \dots + \epsilon$$

- In contrast to galaxy surveys, higher order terms dominate  $P_{\text{err}}$



# HI noise properties

- For  $P_k$ , higher order terms flat & degenerate with noise
- Most Fisher forecasts assume sampling noise (optimistic)
- Field level may do better!

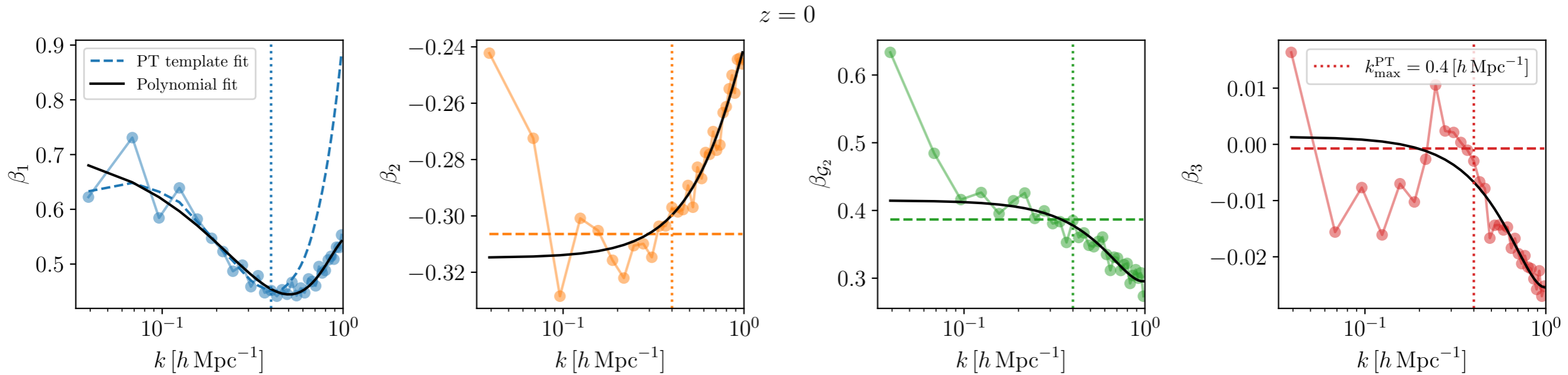


# Transfer functions

$z = 0$ , real space

$$\beta_1^{\text{real}}(k) = a_0 + a_1 k + a_2 k^2 + a_4 k^4,$$

$$\beta_{i \neq 1}^{\text{real}}(k) = a_0 + a_2 k^2 + a_4 k^4$$



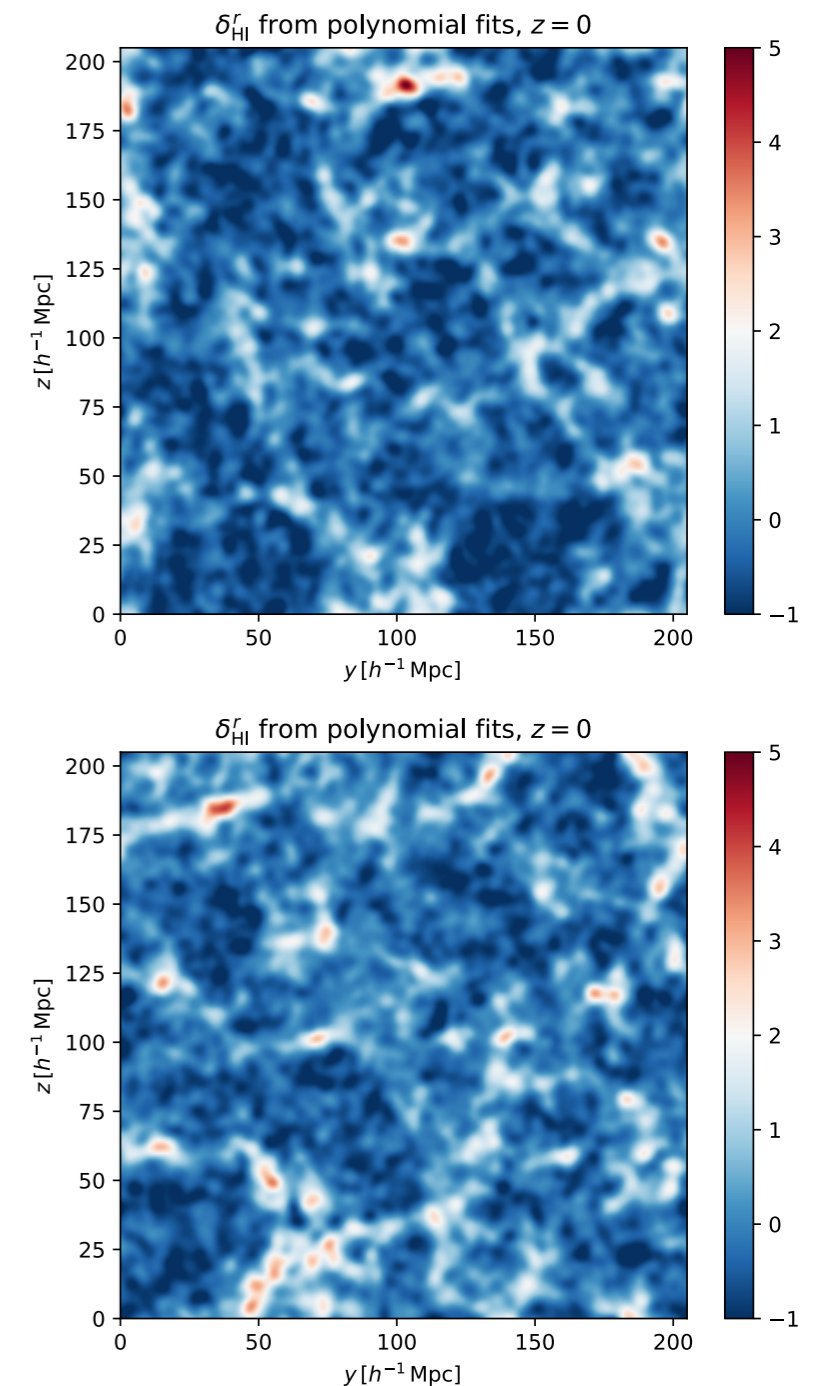
$$\delta_{\text{HI}}(\mathbf{k}) = \beta_1(k) \tilde{\delta}_1(\mathbf{k}) + \beta_2(k) \tilde{\delta}_2^\perp(\mathbf{k}) + \beta_{\mathcal{G}_2}(k) \tilde{\mathcal{G}}_2^\perp(\mathbf{k}) + \beta_3(k) \tilde{\delta}_3^\perp(\mathbf{k}) + \dots + \epsilon$$



# Hi-Fi mocks

[https://github.com/andrejobuljen/Hi-Fi\\_mocks](https://github.com/andrejobuljen/Hi-Fi_mocks)

- Publicly available code
- Generate fast 3D HI field (Hi-Fi) level mocks
- Tuned to TNG HI clustering ( $k=0.03-1$ )
- Real & redshift space at  $z=0,1$  (*more soon*)
- Few min. on a laptop (*improvements soon!*)
- Variables: BoxSize, IC seed,  $z$ ...
- Please give it a try and get in touch!
- Hopefully useful for SKA WG



TNG and random IC seed at  $z=0$

# Conclusions

- HI is a biased tracer of matter field
- Cubic bias model 1% up to  $k = 0.4$  (0.3)  $h/\text{Mpc}$  in real (redshift) space
- HI noise flat & lower than stochasticity
- Higher order terms dominant at low- $k$ , opposite to galaxies
- Case where field level analysis could be worthwhile (future work)
- Velocity dispersion estimates lower than for galaxies
- Public code to generate HI field level mocks: [Hi-Fi mocks](#)
- Improve future data analysis
- Useful for forecasts, mocks, covariances...

**Thank you!**